
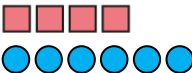
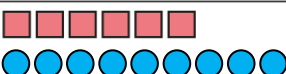
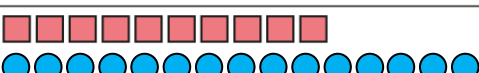


Question	Answer																
1	<div>a) </div> <div>b) </div> <div>c) </div> <div>d) </div> <p>Each time the number of squares goes up by 2, the number of circles goes up by 3</p>																
2	<table><tr><th>Red counters</th><th>Green counters</th></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>12</td></tr><tr><td>9</td><td>18</td></tr><tr><td>15</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>30</td><td>60</td></tr><tr><td>40</td><td>80</td></tr><tr><td>200</td><td>400</td></tr></table> <p>The number of green counters is twice the number of red counters. Each time the number of squares goes up by 3, the number of circles goes up by 6</p>	Red counters	Green counters	3	6	6	12	9	18	15	30	30	60	40	80	200	400
Red counters	Green counters																
3	6																
6	12																
9	18																
15	30																
30	60																
40	80																
200	400																
3	48																
4	a) 40 b) 3																
5	a) 12 b) 4.5 c) 12																
6	8																
7	14 Before Amir removes the counters: <ul style="list-style-type: none">there are 21 more red counters than green countersthe ratio of red counters to green counters is 5 : 2 $5 - 2 = 3$ parts = 21, so 1 part = 7 $2 \times 7 = 14$																

Y6 – Spring – Block 1 – Step 8 – Ratio problems Answers (continued)

Question	Answer
8	330p or £3.30