

The mean of an odd number of consecutive numbers is the middle number.

True

For example,

$$1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 = 45$$

$$45 \div 9 = 5$$

$$12 + 13 + 14 = 39$$

$$39 \div 3 = 13$$